

THE GLOBE-REPUBLICAN.

The FORD CO. GLOBE, Established 1877. Consolidated, 1889.
The FORD CO. REPUBLICAN, " 1896.

DODGE CITY, KANSAS, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1890.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. VOL. XIII, NO. 41

JUDGE REED'S SPEECH.

The speech nominating Col. Hallowell at Dodge was made by Judge Reed, the silver-tongued orator of Wichita. It was admitted to be one of the finest and most brilliant efforts ever heard in the west. The judge said:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention:

What means this assemblage of representative men? What means the intelligent, anxious faces? If I mistake not it means that the people of the great seventh congressional district are in earnest, greatly in earnest, in earnest about what, may I enquire? In earnest simply to nominate some gentleman who shall "make the race" for Congress? No, certainly not that. But in earnest, if I understand the situation, to nominate a man who when nominated, shall place himself grandly at the head of the republican column, and with the enthusiasm of a knight of olden times shall take into his hands the colors of his party and surmounting all obstacles shall bravely march to victory. Can this task be assigned to any of us? No, a thousand times no. The conditions which surround us forbid it. The political scene has already lashed themselves into a foam of angry contention, and he must be no mean and unworthy pilot who shall steer us safely into port.

The question therefore recurs, who is there among us that shall rise up, and with the magic of his wand shall part the turbulent host of defeat, and lead the republican host over dry shod, to the high table land of victory. In other words, the issue presented for the consideration of this convention is not what are the personal claims of the convention; is not what are the personal claims of this or that candidate; but what candidate best prophecies in his person the success of those principles which the republican party is pledged to maintain. In short, what shall be the qualifications of him who shall lead us in the contest? I answer, speaking generally, that the man who dares to lead us in this contest must be a man of high character, of broad intellectual range, and a republican without guile. If he is less, defeat is even now ours.

The philosopher of Concord but spoke the sentiment of mankind when he said: "Men of character are the conscience of the society to which they belong." Who does not applaud the immortal declaration of the great Martin Luther: "The prosperity of a country does not depend upon the abundance of its revenues, nor the strength of its fortifications, nor on the beauty of its public buildings, but it consists in its number of cultivated men of character; here are to be found its true interests, its chief strength, its real power." I am aware that the tendency of modern times is to ignore in politics men of strong character, but there never was a greater mistake, and there never was a time greater than the present when men of high character, of intense individuality were needed to control and direct the seething, turbulent stream of political life.

Let us not overlook this matter now. Let us nominate to-day a man whom we know by the very force of his character to be sound on all questions that interest the country at large—such as an extension of the volume of currency to do the business of the country—sound on all questions that affect the growth and prosperity of the west, such as the free coinage of silver; sound on all questions that concern the dying gladiators of the nation, such as the service pension question; sound on all questions that relate to the agricultural classes, such as legitimate national legislation upon transportation rates; sound on all questions that concern the laboring classes, such as the restriction of the unbridled immigration of pauper labor; sound on all questions that will develop and build up the great state of Kansas and bring prosperity and sustenance to those of our citizens who, in the sweat of the brow labor to keep body and soul together; sound on all questions that appertain to the philosophy of capital and labor in their wisest relations.

Our candidate should likewise be a man of honest convictions, and one who has the moral courage to sustain those convictions. Let us therefore nominate a man to-day whom we know by the very strength of his character, will prove faithful to the interests committed to his trust; faithful to the interests of the people against the tyranny of arbitrary capital, faithful to the interests of the agricultural classes against the unnecessary exaction of tariff, faithful to the interests of the people against the surrender of public domain except for actual settlement; faithful to the interests of the people against a system of loose naturalization, faithful to the interests of the people against the alienation of real estate except to citizens or to those who have declared their intention to become such, faithful against the encroachment of a wicked, foreign socialism, faithful to the interests of people in both great and small affairs; faithful to the honor and protection of the flag wherever it floats; faithful to the safety of the American citizen wherever he may roam upon land or sea; faithful to the sacredness of the ballot wherever, whenever and by whomsoever cast; faithful in cementing the bonds of union between all sections of our beloved country; faithful to America and its interests as against the world. Yes, let us nominate a man to-day who not only has convictions on all public questions, but who will prove faithful to those convictions; who, if need be, will stand up in the halls of Congress, and placing his hand upon the throat of the iniquitous system of trusts, monopolies, and the soulless money power of Wall Street, will say to them in the name of oppressed humanity: "Take thy back from out my heart, and take thy form from off my door." Yes, the representative from the seventh district must be faithful, faithful as the man of whom it was written: "He sweareth to his own hurt and chagrin not; faithful as the 'Aye, Aye, Sir,' of the midnight watchman on a tempest-tossed ship, faithful as that grand soul of a noble youth immortalized in verse, who amid the forked tongues of fire would not desert his post; faithful as that grand leader of men in ancient times of whom it was said: 'He refused to be called the son of Pharaoh's daughter.'"

He who represents us at the national capital should not only be sound on all public questions and faithful to the interests of the people, but he should be a man of broad capacity; he should be not only honest and courageous in his convictions, but those convictions should be intelligent; he must be a man of intellectual grip, as the bard of Avon puts it, "of large discourse, looking before and after;" he should be strong in debate and wise in council; he should understand

the theory of government, and know the motives which prompt men; he should divine the needs of the great west, and Kansas in particular; he should appreciate the fact that the development of agriculture is the first and true source of all wealth; he should know that all governments are essentially wrong under whose laws the rich become richer and the poor become poorer, and where three-fifths of the wealth of the land is possessed by one-twentieth of the inhabitants.

He should not, however, be allured by every jack-of-lantern of reform; his steady brain should not be confused by every phantasm of demagoguery; he should exert himself at all times for such measures as are fair and equitable between the public and the individual, having due regard for the legitimate province of government; he should be able to originate propositions of government, and when so originated to maintain them by the power of his logic; he should understand that it is to the public interest that all legislation should be so directed that where the production of wealth is greatest there the distribution should be the most equitable—that all legislation should be so framed that it will yield the largest results to the laborer—that all legislation should be so constructed that whenever and wherever the purchasing power of money is increased then and there the price of labor and the products of the soil should likewise be increased.

In the halls of Congress he should be heard on all questions that concern the country at large; his energies should extend beyond the distribution of garden seeds, patent reports and that other all-absorbing question of statesmanship—the filling of postoffices; he should not be a self-constituted leader, a "sir Oracle," that feeds upon the gall of his infatuation and the weakness of his assumptions.

We are not particularly concerned about the character of his rhetoric, but he should most certainly be a man of ideas, and not a mere photograph that talks without thinking. We want a man who wields the battle-axe of a strong native talent—not a masquerader in the embroidered tights of scholarship—a second hand dealer in scholastic poetry.

We don't want our representative to play the part of the "Wild man from Borneo" in the side show. We demand that he take part in the grand chariot race which is advertised to come off in the big tent. The member from the seventh district, when he talks, therefore, he must interest the man from Maine as well as the man from Kansas. In brief, the seventh congressional district will not "put up" with any two-by-four statesman, any hand organ programme; it demands a grand orchestra, swelling the souls of the people to a nobler and higher conception of citizenship.

He who represents us at Washington must not only be sound, faithful and of broad capacity, but he must likewise be upright, honest, pure and incorruptible in the administration of public affairs. In these evil times when the people are being betrayed by a kiss, stimulated by "thirty pieces of silver," we should be sure to select a man across whose soul there never crept a shadow of suspicion, from whose political fingers there can drip no gore of ill-gotten gains; he should be incorruptible against influences of every character, incorruptible against all the gold of political Phillips; incorruptible as were those Hebrew children whose zeal for the right triumphed over the fires of a seven times heated.

Such, gentlemen, is the outline of the man who should represent us at the seat of government. Have we such a man among us? I answer, yes. Who is he? Listen. When but a lad upon the Wabash, and the clouds of civil war were bursting, impelled by the inherent nobility of his nature, he sprang to the conflict of arms and nobly did he sustain himself in forty-one battles, amid the raining fires of shell and ball. By a dauntless courage and a wisdom that belonged to an older head he arose from the ranks to a colonelcy at the age of twenty-two. When white-winged peace had spread her snowy plinths over the blackened and charred fields of rebellion, he modestly assumed the duties of private citizenship. As in the blaze of war so in the calm of peace he rose to a merited distinction, and the state of Kansas is indebted to him for his labors and counsel. First in the house, then in the senate of its legislature and afterwards in the national council of his party. As a student of his profession he easily mastered its difficulties and then attained its well earned honors, having served for six years as the federal prosecuting officer of the district of Kansas, a position which he filled with the greatest ability and the utmost fidelity.

As a republican he is without guile. He belongs to the famous "Tenth Legion" of his party with his position always in the front of battle. As a republican he has assisted the party of this state for nearly twenty years in formulating the platform of its principles; as a republican he has been a prominent figure in all of its political battles which have been fought and won on the soil of Kansas during the past two decades; as an orator on the stump in defense of republican doctrines he has few equals, and those who have heard him can attest the power and glitter of his Damascus blade as he divided asunder the sophistries, the joint and marrow of the position; as a republican he has, in the language of another, trodden the heights of political life and "borne his breast unharmed against all the shafts of malice;" as a republican he has stood in the full "blaze of that light which beats no flaw in his armor, no stain on his shield;" as a republican he has participated in the achievements of his party, and treasures in his heart the memory of its glories.

As a citizen in the private walks of life he fills the measure of an honest gentleman, and possesses "the genius of common sense." Raised a farmer's boy, and afterwards a laborer himself, his sympathies are with the working classes—with all men who dig, toil and sweat, because he, himself, has dug and toiled. Indeed his relationship to his fellowman may be epitomized in that beautiful line of the poet: "Large was his bounty, his soul sincere."

Yes, fellow citizens, large is his bounty, sincere is his soul, for in no sordid and selfish sense has he ever sought his own aggrandizement; large is his bounty and sincere is his soul, because he who knows him, and who have watched and seen the pulsations of the inner man, can affirm that out of his honest heart there never stole a small feeling; large is his bounty and sincere is his soul, because we know him can attest that across his strong, clear mind there never floated a cloud of small thought; large is his bounty and sincere is his soul, because we know him can declare that his whole being is "united towards none and charity towards all;" large is his bounty and sincere is his soul, because when others were hiding and cringing and halting between two opinions upon that great question

which affected his comrades on the tented field, he first among men, brandished on high the shining lance of manly independence and stepping boldly to the front blew the loud bugle blast of an unselfish and lofty patriotism; large in his bounty and sincere in his soul because in his sympathy for his fellowman, like that great Roman who filled the world with the luster of his fame "when the people have cried," he, too, "hath wept." Yes, my countrymen, in the days which are to come men will say of him as was said of the noble Brutus: "He only in a generous, honest thought of common good to all made one of them."

And now if you ask whence comes he, I answer: He hails not from the head waters of the raging Kaw, But from the Peerless Princess of the plains, lovely Wichita.

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the convention, I now present for your favorable consideration the claims of a gentleman whose very name when analyzed is a synonym of good cheer and a harbinger of success, whose words of companionship are a benediction to his friends, whose person nature has sealed with his finest graces, and filled his soul with the knight errantry of the rank and file of the party an enthusiasm which the wiles of the enemy can not circumscribe; nominate him, and the "stars in their courses" will fight against the diem of opposition; nominate him to-day and victory even now dances upon your banners. I allude to the gallant soldier, the steadfast friend, the honest, sympathetic citizen, and the faithful public officer, the chivalrous statesman, the loyal Kansan, the knightly James, the princely Hallowell.

NOTICE.

State of Kansas, Ford County, SS.
In the Probate Court for said County:
In the matter of the Estate of Joseph Duenhoeft, deceased:

The State of Kansas to all persons interested, greeting:
I, Henry Tasset, administrator of said estate, have filed a petition in said court asking for an order to sell the real and personal property of said deceased, to-wit: the northwest quarter of section 32, township 26 south, range 21 west, Ford County, Kansas, for the purpose of paying the debts of said deceased, and for the purpose of distributing the balance of said estate to the heirs and next of kin of said deceased, and for the purpose of settling the account of said administrator.

41-6
H. T. TASSET, Administrator of Estate of Joseph Duenhoeft, deceased.

PUBLICATION SUMMONS.

First publication July 23d, 1890.
The State of Kansas, to Jacob Keller, Lyster P. Jennings and Mrs. Jennings, his wife, whose given name is to plaintiff unknown: You will take notice that E. J. Fields as plaintiff did on the 8th day of July, 1890, file his petition in the District Court of Ford County, Kansas, against you as defendants, setting forth that said Jacob Keller, Lyster P. Jennings and Mrs. Jennings, his wife, did on the 1st day of April, 1887, give him mortgage to McKimley and Heliker, which said mortgage is now owned by said plaintiff, on the following described lands in Ford County, Kansas, to-wit: the southwest quarter of section 32 in township 26 south, of range 21 west of the sixth principal meridian, to secure the payment of certain notes now due to the amount of \$250.00 as shown by said promissory notes now owned by plaintiff and referred to in said mortgage, and praying judgment against said Jacob Keller, Lyster P. Jennings and Mrs. Jennings, his wife, in the sum of \$250.00 with interest thereon at 12 per cent, to-wit: on \$150.00 thereof from the 1st day of April, 1887, and on \$100.00 thereof from October 1st, 1888; on \$25.00 thereof from April 1st, 1889; and on \$25.00 thereof from April 1st, 1890; and that said premises may be sold to pay the judgment on said notes and mortgage. Said petition further alleges that the claim of each of said defendants is subject and inferior to that of plaintiff in said mortgaged premises. Now all said defendants are hereby notified that they must appear and answer said petition on or before the 4th day of September, 1890, or said petition will be taken as true against them and each of them, and a judgment for said amount against said Jacob Keller, Lyster P. Jennings and Mrs. Jennings, his wife, will be rendered against them, and said lands, after the sale thereof, will be sold without appraisal to satisfy any sum found to be due plaintiff on said notes and mortgage, but subject to a prior mortgage of \$750.00, and said plaintiff and official seal this 18th day of July, 1890.

THOS. LAHEY, Clerk of the District Court in and for Ford County, Kansas. 39-41
L. K. SORPE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

PUBLICATION SUMMONS.

First publication July 23d, 1890.
The State of Kansas, to George W. Denegale and Mrs. Denegale, his wife, whose given name is to plaintiff unknown: You will take notice that E. J. Fields as plaintiff did on the 8th day of July, 1890, file his petition in the District Court of Ford County, Kansas, against you as defendants, setting forth that one William D. Balmum, deceased, did on the 1st day of May, 1888, give him mortgage to E. Heliker etc., which said mortgage is now owned by said plaintiff, on the following described lands in Ford County, Kansas, to-wit: the north west quarter of section 32, in township 27 south, of range 21 west of the sixth principal meridian, to secure the payment of certain notes now due to the amount of \$50.00 as shown by said promissory notes now owned by plaintiff and referred to in said mortgage, and praying judgment against you as heirs of said William D. Denegale, your son, deceased, in the sum of \$50.00 now claimed to be due and unpaid, with interest thereon at 12 per cent, to-wit: on \$50.00 thereof from the 1st day of November, 1888; and that said premises may be sold to pay the judgment on said notes and mortgage, and said plaintiff further alleges that the claim and equity of each of the defendants is subject and inferior to that of plaintiff in said mortgaged premises. Now all said defendants are hereby notified that they must appear and answer said petition on or before the 4th day of September, 1890, or said petition will be taken as true against them and each of them, and a judgment for said amount and a decree forever barring all defendants of any right, title or interest in and to said lands, after the sale thereof, will be rendered against them, and said lands, after the sale thereof, will be sold without appraisal to satisfy any sum found to be due plaintiff on said notes and mortgage. Witness my hand and official seal this 18th day of July, 1890.

THOS. LAHEY, Clerk of the District Court in and for Ford County, Kansas. 39-41
L. K. SORPE, Att'y for Plaintiff.

PUBLICATION SUMMONS.

First publication July 23d, 1890.
The State of Kansas, to Albert Clark and Mary C. Clark: You will take notice that E. J. Fields, as plaintiff did, on the 12th day of July, 1890, file his petition in the District Court of Ford County, Kansas, against you as defendants, and setting forth that said defendants, under date of the 4th day of April, 1887, gave their mortgage to McKimley & Heliker, which said mortgage is now owned by said plaintiff, on the following described lands in Ford County, Kansas, to-wit: The southwest quarter of section 15, in township 29 south, of range 21 west of the sixth principal meridian, to secure the payment of certain notes now due to the amount of \$272.00 as shown by said promissory notes now owned by plaintiff and referred to in said mortgage, and praying judgment against you in the sum of \$272.00 now claimed to be due and unpaid, with interest thereon at 12 per cent, to-wit: on \$150.00 thereof from the 1st day of April, 1887, on \$80.00 thereof from October 1st, 1888, on \$20.00 thereof from April 1st, 1889, and on \$22.00 thereof from April 1st, 1890; and that said premises may be sold to pay the judgment on said notes and mortgage. Said petition further alleges that the claim and equity of each of the defendants is subject and inferior to that of plaintiff in said mortgaged premises. Now all said defendants are hereby notified that they must appear and answer said petition on or before the 4th day of September, 1890, or said petition will be taken as true against them and each of them; and a judgment for said amount and a decree forever barring all defendants of any right, title or interest in and to said lands, after the sale thereof, will be rendered against them, and said lands, after the sale thereof, will be sold without appraisal to satisfy any sum found to be due plaintiff upon said notes and mortgage, but subject to a prior mortgage of \$500.00. Witness my hand and official seal this 18th day of July, 1890.

THOS. LAHEY, Clerk of the District Court in and for Ford County, Kansas. 39-41
L. K. SORPE, Att'y for Plaintiff.

THOS. LAHEY, Clerk of the District Court in and for Ford County, Kansas. 39-41
L. K. SORPE, Att'y for Plaintiff.

Notice.

Warrants of the city of Dodge City, Kansas, of the following dates and numbers, will be paid on presentation to me at my office in the new city hall building. Interest on same ceases from the date of publication of this notice.

Registered Number	Amount	Issue Date	Registered Number	Amount	Issue Date
395 774	August 15, '88	August 15, '88	3147 00		
409 773	" " " "	" " " "	3148 00		
415 791	Sept. 3, " "	Sept. 3, " "	3178 00		
416 792	" " " "	" " " "	3179 00		
417 793	" " " "	" " " "	3180 00		
423 840	" " " "	" " " "	3181 00		
436 835	" " " "	" " " "	3182 00		
451 831	" " " "	" " " "	3183 00		
452 832	" " " "	" " " "	3184 00		
453 833	" " " "	" " " "	3185 00		
454 834	" " " "	" " " "	3186 00		
455 835	" " " "	" " " "	3187 00		
456 836	" " " "	" " " "	3188 00		
457 837	" " " "	" " " "	3189 00		
458 838	" " " "	" " " "	3190 00		
459 839	" " " "	" " " "	3191 00		
460 840	" " " "	" " " "	3192 00		
461 841	" " " "	" " " "	3193 00		
462 842	" " " "	" " " "	3194 00		
463 843	" " " "	" " " "	3195 00		
464 844	" " " "	" " " "	3196 00		
465 845	" " " "	" " " "	3197 00		
466 846	" " " "	" " " "	3198 00		
467 847	" " " "	" " " "	3199 00		
468 848	" " " "	" " " "	3200 00		

Dodge City, Kansas, July 24th, 1890.
H. M. BEVERLEY, City Treasurer.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Garden City, Kansas, August 2d, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler who made homestead entry No. 1217 has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the register or receiver at Garden City, Kansas, on September 26th, 1890, viz:

Lucinda M. Griffith, of Snyder postoffice, Kansas, for the southwest quarter of section No. 15, township No. 25 south, range No. 26 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Samuel H. Conaway, Lucinda M. Griffith, J. M. Snyder, Andrew Everts, all of Snyder postoffice, Kansas.

Also at the same time and place, William T. Bayless, of Snyder postoffice, Kansas, who made homestead entry No. 1235, for the northeast quarter of section No. 25, township No. 25 south, range No. 26 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William T. Bayless, Lucinda M. Griffith, C. N. Ridenour and Andrew Everts, all of Snyder postoffice, Kansas.

Also at the same time and place, John M. Snyder, of Snyder postoffice, Kansas, who made homestead entry No. 814, for the southwest quarter of section No. 25, township No. 25 south, range No. 26 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William T. Bayless, Lucinda M. Griffith, C. N. Ridenour and Andrew Everts, all of Snyder postoffice, Kansas.

41-6 D. M. FROST, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Garden City, Kansas, August 2d, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler who made homestead entry No. 1209, has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of Ford County, Kansas, at his office in Dodge City, Kansas, on September 26th, 1890, viz:

Henry Manning, of Dodge City, Kansas, for the lot 5 and 6, and west half southeast quarter of section No. 27, township No. 27 south, range No. 26 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: M. N. Boardman, Samuel F. Burrell, Nic. Mayrath and John Goodwine, all of Dodge City, Kansas.

41-6 D. M. FROST, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Garden City, Kansas, July 23d, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler who made homestead entry No. 1526, has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of Ford County, Kansas, at his office in Dodge City, Kansas, on September 26th, 1890, viz:

Thomas D. Balmum, of Dodge City, Kansas, for the northeast quarter of section No. 25, township No. 25 south, range No. 24 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John T. Hocker, Niles Wiseman, William W. Wells and Charles Dixon, all of Dodge City, Kansas.

Also at the same time and place, Jacob Bowers, of Dodge City, Kansas, who made homestead entry No. 964, for the northwest quarter of section No. 35, township No. 25 south, range No. 24 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James B. Barrow, A. Hensley, of Wilburn, Kansas, and W. W. Adams, and T. M. Walker, of Dodge City, Kansas.

41-6 D. M. FROST, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Garden City, Kansas, June 26, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler who made homestead entry No. 3115, has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of Ford County, Kansas, at his office in Dodge City, Kansas, on August 12th, 1890, viz:

George B. Doolittle, of Wilburn, Kansas, for the northwest quarter of section No. 29, township No. 29 south, range No. 26 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Haywood, Benjamin F. Heywood, Joshua Osborn, Theodore C. McCormick, all of Wilburn, Kansas.

41-6 D. M. FROST, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Garden City, Kas., June 24th, 1890.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler who made homestead entry No. 3115, has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of Ford County, Kansas, at his office in Dodge City, Kansas, on August 12th, 1890, viz:

George B. Doolittle, of Wilburn, Kansas, for the northwest quarter of section No. 29, township No. 29 south, range No. 26 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Haywood, Benjamin F. Heywood, Joshua Osborn, Theodore C. McCormick, all of Wilburn, Kansas.

41-6 D. M. FROST, Register.

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George B. Doolittle, of Wilburn, Kansas, for the northwest quarter of section No. 29, township No. 29 south, range No. 26 west, Ford County, Kansas; final homestead. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Haywood, Benjamin F. Heywood, Joshua Osborn, Theodore C. McCormick, all of Wilburn, Kansas.

41-6 D. M. FROST, Register.

Small Profits and Quick Sales,
and One Price to all, is the Motto of our Business.

GRAND MID-SUMMER

Clearing Sale!

Now on at the



All Summer Goods in this sale will be offered at ridiculously low prices. **THE COST CUTS** *no figure. Some goods will be sold at less THAN HALF COST. We know our loss will be great, but our object is a complete riddance. We will not carry over one yard of goods that it is possible to sell at any price. **THE FIAT HAS GONE FORTH. AND OUT THEY GO.**

THE BEEHIVE. Strange in Summersby

The State of Kansas, Ford County, SS.
In the matter of the estate of Joseph Duenhoeft, late of Ford County, Kansas:
NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.
Notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of August, A. D. 1890, the undersigned was by the probate court of Ford County, Kansas, duly appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Joseph Duenhoeft, late of Ford County, deceased. All parties interested in said estate will take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.
41-6 HENRY TASSET, Administrator.

PUBLICATION SUMMONS.
First publication July 23d, 1890.
The State of Kansas, to Isaac Simmons, Belle Simmons, Morgan Warner and Mrs. Warren, his wife whose given name is to plaintiff unknown: You will take notice that E. J. Fields as plaintiff did on the 8th day of July, 1890, file his petition in the District Court of Ford County, Kansas, against you as defendants, setting forth that said Isaac Simmons, Belle Simmons, Morgan Warner and Mrs. Warren, his wife, did on the 1st day of June, 1888, give their mortgage to The McKinley and Heliker Investment Company, which said mortgage is now owned by plaintiff on the following described lands in Ford County, Kansas, to-wit: the southeast quarter of section 35 in township 29 south, of range 21 west of the sixth principal meridian, to secure the payment of certain notes now due to the amount of \$700.00 as shown by said promissory notes now owned by plaintiff and referred to in said mortgage, and praying judgment against said defendant and wife in the sum of \$700.00 with interest thereon at 12 per cent, to-wit: on \$500.00 thereof from the 1st day of December, 1888, and that said premises may be sold to pay the judgment on said notes and mortgage. Said petition further alleges that the claim and equity of each of the defendants is subject and inferior to that of plaintiff in said mortgaged premises. Now all said defendants are hereby notified that they must appear and answer said petition on or before the 4th day of September, 1890, or said petition will be taken as true against them and each of them; and a judgment for said amount and a decree forever barring all defendants of any right, title or interest in and to said lands, after the sale thereof, will be rendered against them, and said lands, after the sale thereof, will be sold without appraisal to satisfy any sum found to be due plaintiff upon said notes and mortgage. Witness my hand and official seal this 18th day of July, 1890.

THOS. LAHEY, Clerk of the District Court in and for Ford County, Kansas. 39-41
L. K. SORPE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

PUBLICATION SUMMONS.
First publication July 23d, 1890.
The State of Kansas, to Raffle Gillick and Rebecca Gillick: You will take notice that E. J. Fields, as plaintiff did, on the 8th day of July, 1890, file his petition in the District Court of Ford County, Kansas, against you as defendants, setting forth that said defendants, under date of the 1st day of May, 1888, gave their mortgage to The McKinley & Heliker Investment Company, which said mortgage is now owned by plaintiff on the following described lands in Ford County, Kansas, to-wit: The southeast quarter of section 34, in township 29 south, of range 21 west of the sixth principal meridian, to secure the payment of certain notes now due to the amount of \$250.00 as shown by said promissory notes now owned by plaintiff and referred to in said mortgage, and praying judgment against you in the sum of \$250.00 now claimed to be due and unpaid, with